

## 250mA Low Power LDO

### Features

- Low power consumption
- Low voltage drop
- Low temperature coefficient
- Ultra low quiescent current: 2 $\mu$ A(typ.)
- High input voltage (up to 15V)
- Maximum output current: 250mA
- Output voltage accuracy: tolerance  $\pm 2\%$
- SOT89 ,SOT23-3 and SOT23 package

### Applications

- Battery-powered equipment
- Communication equipment
- Audio/Video equipment

### General Description

The HT73XXS series is a set of three-terminal low power high voltage regulators implemented in CMOS technology. They allow input voltages as high as 15V. The series features extremely low quiescent current which is typically 2 $\mu$ A. They are available with several fixed output voltages

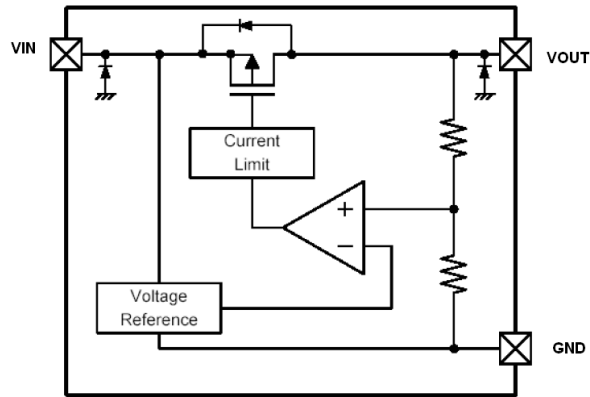
ranging from 1.5V to 5.0V. CMOS technology ensures low voltage drop and low quiescent current. Although designed primarily as fixed voltage regulators, these devices can be used with external components to obtain variable voltages and currents.

### Selection Table

Part No.	Output Voltage	Package
HT7315S	1.5V	SOT89 SOT23-3 SOT23
HT7318S	1.8V	
HT7325S	2.5V	
HT7328S	2.8V	
HT7330S	3.0V	
HT7333S	3.3V	
HT7336S	3.6V	
HT7340S	4.0V	
HT7344S	4.4V	
HT7350S	5.0V	

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### Block Diagram



\*Diodes inside the circuit are an ESD protection diode and a parasitic diode.

### Pin Assignment

SOT23 and SOT23-3 (Top View)

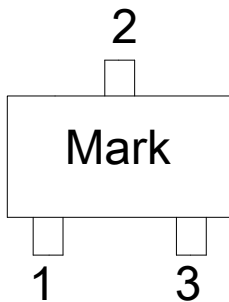


Table1: HT73XXS series (SOT23/SOT23-3)

PIN NO.	PIN NAME	FUNCTION
1	GND	GND pin
2	VIN	Input voltage pin
3	VOUT	Output voltage pin

SOT89 (Top View)

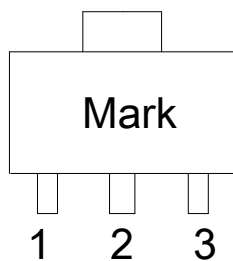


Table2: HT73XXS series (SOT89)

PIN NO.	PIN NAME	FUNCTION
1	GND	GND pin
2	VIN	Input voltage pin
3	VOUT	Output voltage pin

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### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Supply Voltage .....-0.3V to 18V      Storage Temperature .....-50°C to 125°C  
 Operating Temperature .....-30°C to 85°C

Note: These are stress ratings only. Stresses exceeding the range specified under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause substantial damage to the device. Functional operation of this device at other conditions beyond those listed in the specification is not implied and prolonged exposure to extreme conditions may affect device reliability.

### Thermal Information

Symbol	Parameter	Package	Max.	Unit
$\theta_{JA}$	Thermal Resistance (Junction to Ambient) (Assume no ambient airflow, no heat sink)	SOT23	500	°C/W
		SOT89	200	°C/W
$P_D$	Power Dissipation	SOT23	0.20	W
		SOT89	0.50	W

Note:  $P_D$  is measured at  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

### Electrical Characteristics

#### HT7315S , +1.5V Output Type

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
		$V_{IN}$	Conditions				
$V_{OUT}$	Output Voltage	3.5V	$I_{OUT}=40\text{mA}$	1.47	1.50	1.53	V
$I_{OUT}$	Output Current	5.5V	-	-	250	-	mA
$\Delta V_{OUT}$	Load Regulation	3.5V	$1\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 60\text{mA}$	-	45	90	mV
$V_{DIF}$	Voltage Drop(Note)	-	$I_{OUT}=40\text{mA}, \Delta V_{OUT}=2\%$	-	650	750	mV
$I_{SS}$	Current Consumption	3.5V	No load	-	2.0	3.0	$\mu\text{A}$
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN} \times V_{OUT}}$	Line Regulation	-	$2.5\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 12\text{V}$ $I_{OUT}=40\text{mA}$	-	0.2	-	%/V
$V_{IN}$	Input Voltage	-	-	-	-	15	V
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a}$	Temperature Coefficient	3.5V	$I_{OUT}=40\text{mA}$ $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_a < 85^\circ\text{C}$	-	$\pm 0.5$	-	mV/°C

Note: Dropout voltage is defined as the input voltage minus the output voltage that produces a 2% change in the output voltage from the value at  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1\text{V}$  with a fixed load.

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## HT7318S , +1.8V Output Type

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
		V <sub>IN</sub>	Conditions				
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage	3.8V	I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA	1.764	1.800	1.836	V
I <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Current	5.8V	-	-	250	-	mA
ΔV <sub>OUT</sub>	Load Regulation	3.8V	1mA ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 60mA	-	45	90	mV
V <sub>DIF</sub>	Voltage Drop(Note)	-	I <sub>OUT</sub> =40mA, ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> =2%	-	620	720	mV
I <sub>SS</sub>	Current Consumption	3.8V	No load	-	2.0	3.0	μA
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN} \times V_{OUT}}$	Line Regulation	-	2.8V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 12V I <sub>OUT</sub> =40mA	-	0.2	-	%/V
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage	-	-	-	-	15	V
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a}$	Temperature Coefficient	3.8V	I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA -40°C < T <sub>a</sub> < 85°C	-	±0.5	-	mV/°C

Note: Dropout voltage is defined as the input voltage minus the output voltage that produces a 2% change in the output voltage from the value at V<sub>IN</sub> = V<sub>OUT</sub>+1V with a fixed load.

## HT7325S , +2.5V Output Type

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
		V <sub>IN</sub>	Conditions				
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage	4.5V	I <sub>OUT</sub> =40mA	2.45	2.500	2.55	V
I <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Current	6.0V	-	-	250	-	mA
ΔV <sub>OUT</sub>	Load Regulation	4.5V	1mA ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 60mA	-	45	90	mV
V <sub>DIF</sub>	Voltage Drop(Note)	-	I <sub>OUT</sub> =40mA, ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> =2%	-	550	650	mV
I <sub>SS</sub>	Current Consumption	4.5V	No load	-	2.0	3.0	μA
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN} \times V_{OUT}}$	Line Regulation	-	3.5V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 12V I <sub>OUT</sub> =40mA	-	0.2	-	%/V
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage	-	-	-	-	15	V
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a}$	Temperature Coefficient	4.5V	I <sub>OUT</sub> =40mA -40°C < T <sub>a</sub> < 85°C	-	±0.5	-	mV/°C

Note: Dropout voltage is defined as the input voltage minus the output voltage that produces a 2% change in the output voltage from the value at V<sub>IN</sub> = V<sub>OUT</sub>+1V with a fixed load.

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### HT7328S , +2.8V Output Type

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
		V <sub>IN</sub>	Conditions				
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage	4.8V	I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA	2.744	2.800	2.856	V
I <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Current	6.1V	-	-	250	-	mA
ΔV <sub>OUT</sub>	Load Regulation	4.8V	1mA ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 60mA	-	45	90	mV
V <sub>DIF</sub>	Voltage Drop(Note)	-	I <sub>OUT</sub> =40mA, ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> =2%	-	520	620	mV
I <sub>SS</sub>	Current Consumption	4.8V	No load	-	2.0	3.0	μA
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN} \times V_{OUT}}$	Line Regulation	-	3.8V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 12V I <sub>OUT</sub> =40mA	-	0.2	-	%/V
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage	-	-	-	-	15	V
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a}$	Temperature Coefficient	4.8V	I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA -40°C < T <sub>a</sub> < 85°C	-	±0.5	-	mV/°C

Note: Dropout voltage is defined as the input voltage minus the output voltage that produces a 2% change in the output voltage from the value at V<sub>IN</sub> = V<sub>OUT</sub>+1V with a fixed load.

### HT7330S , +3.0V Output Type

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
		V <sub>IN</sub>	Conditions				
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage	5V	I <sub>OUT</sub> =40mA	2.94	3.00	3.06	V
I <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Current	6.2V	-	-	250	-	mA
ΔV <sub>OUT</sub>	Load Regulation	5V	1mA ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 60mA	-	45	90	mV
V <sub>DIF</sub>	Voltage Drop(Note)	-	I <sub>OUT</sub> =40mA, ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> =2%	-	480	580	mV
I <sub>SS</sub>	Current Consumption	5V	No load	-	2.0	3.0	μA
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN} \times V_{OUT}}$	Line Regulation	-	4V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 12V I <sub>OUT</sub> =40mA	-	0.2	-	%/V
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage	-	-	-	-	15	V
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a}$	Temperature Coefficient	5V	I <sub>OUT</sub> =40mA -40°C < T <sub>a</sub> < 85°C	-	±0.5	-	mV/°C

Note: Dropout voltage is defined as the input voltage minus the output voltage that produces a 2% change in the output voltage from the value at V<sub>IN</sub> = V<sub>OUT</sub>+1V with a fixed load.

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### HT7333S , +3.3V Output Type

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
		V <sub>IN</sub>	Conditions				
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage	5.3V	I <sub>OUT</sub> =40mA	3.234	3.300	3.366	V
I <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Current	6.8V	-	-	250	-	mA
ΔV <sub>OUT</sub>	Load Regulation	5.3V	1mA ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 60mA	-	45	90	mV
V <sub>DIF</sub>	Voltage Drop(Note)	-	I <sub>OUT</sub> =40mA, ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> =2%	-	440	540	mV
I <sub>SS</sub>	Current Consumption	5.3V	No load	-	2.0	3.0	μA
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN} \times V_{OUT}}$	Line Regulation	-	4.3V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 12V I <sub>OUT</sub> =40mA	-	0.2	-	%/V
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage	-	-	-	-	15	V
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a}$	Temperature Coefficient	5.3V	I <sub>OUT</sub> =40mA -40°C < T <sub>a</sub> < 85°C	-	±0.5	-	mV/°C

Note: Dropout voltage is defined as the input voltage minus the output voltage that produces a 2% change in the output voltage from the value at V<sub>IN</sub> = V<sub>OUT</sub>+1V with a fixed load.

### HT7336S , +3.6V Output Type

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
		V <sub>IN</sub>	Conditions				
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage	5.6V	I <sub>OUT</sub> =40mA	3.528	3.600	3.672	V
I <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Current	7.0V	-	-	250	-	mA
ΔV <sub>OUT</sub>	Load Regulation	5.6V	1mA ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 60mA	-	45	90	mV
V <sub>DIF</sub>	Voltage Drop(Note)	-	I <sub>OUT</sub> =40mA, ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> =2%	-	400	500	mV
I <sub>SS</sub>	Current Consumption	5.6V	No load	-	2.0	3.0	μA
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN} \times V_{OUT}}$	Line Regulation	-	4.6V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 12V I <sub>OUT</sub> =40mA	-	0.2	-	%/V
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage	-	-	-	-	15	V
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a}$	Temperature Coefficient	5.6V	I <sub>OUT</sub> =40mA -40°C < T <sub>a</sub> < 85°C	-	±0.5	-	mV/°C

Note: Dropout voltage is defined as the input voltage minus the output voltage that produces a 2% change in the output voltage from the value at V<sub>IN</sub> = V<sub>OUT</sub>+1V with a fixed load.

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### HT7344S , +4.4V Output Type

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
		V <sub>IN</sub>	Conditions				
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage	6.4V	I <sub>OUT</sub> =40mA	4.312	4.400	4.488	V
I <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Current	7.4V	-	-	250	-	mA
ΔV <sub>OUT</sub>	Load Regulation	6.4V	1mA ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 60mA	-	45	90	mV
V <sub>DIF</sub>	Voltage Drop(Note)	-	I <sub>OUT</sub> =40mA, ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> =2%	-	280	380	mV
I <sub>SS</sub>	Current Consumption	6.4V	No load	-	2.0	3.0	μA
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN} \times V_{OUT}}$	Line Regulation	-	5.4V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 12V I <sub>OUT</sub> =40mA	-	0.2	-	%/V
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage	-	-	-	-	15	V
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a}$	Temperature Coefficient	6.4V	I <sub>OUT</sub> =40mA -40°C < T <sub>a</sub> < 85°C	-	±0.5	-	mV/°C

Note: Dropout voltage is defined as the input voltage minus the output voltage that produces a 2% change in the output voltage from the value at V<sub>IN</sub> = V<sub>OUT</sub>+1V with a fixed load.

### HT7350S , +5.0V Output Type

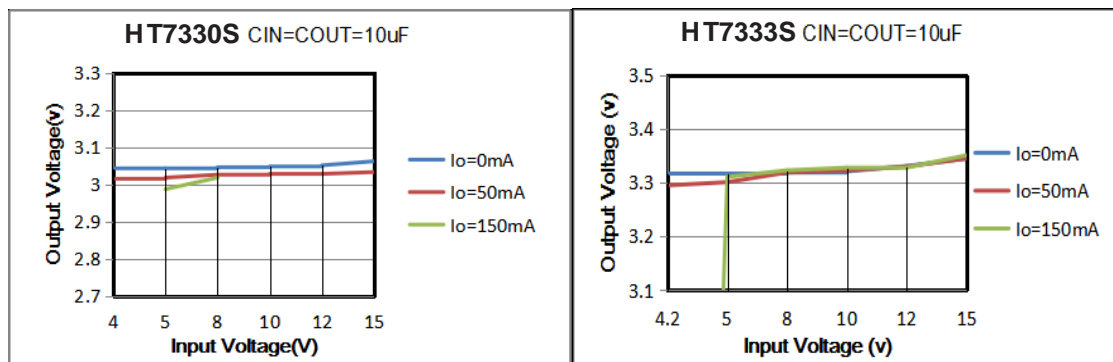
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
		V <sub>IN</sub>	Conditions				
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage	7V	I <sub>OUT</sub> =40mA	4.9	5.00	5.1	V
I <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Current	8V	-	-	250	-	mA
ΔV <sub>OUT</sub>	Load Regulation	7V	1mA ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 60mA	-	45	90	mV
V <sub>DIF</sub>	Voltage Drop(Note)	-	I <sub>OUT</sub> =40mA, ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> =2%	-	200	300	mV
I <sub>SS</sub>	Current Consumption	7V	No load	-	2.0	3.0	μA
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN} \times V_{OUT}}$	Line Regulation	-	6V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 12V I <sub>OUT</sub> =40mA	-	0.2	-	%/V
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage	-	-	-	-	15	V
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a}$	Temperature Coefficient	7V	I <sub>OUT</sub> =40mA -40°C < T <sub>a</sub> < 85°C	-	±0.5	-	mV/°C

Note: Dropout voltage is defined as the input voltage minus the output voltage that produces a 2% change in the output voltage from the value at V<sub>IN</sub> = V<sub>OUT</sub>+1V with a fixed load.

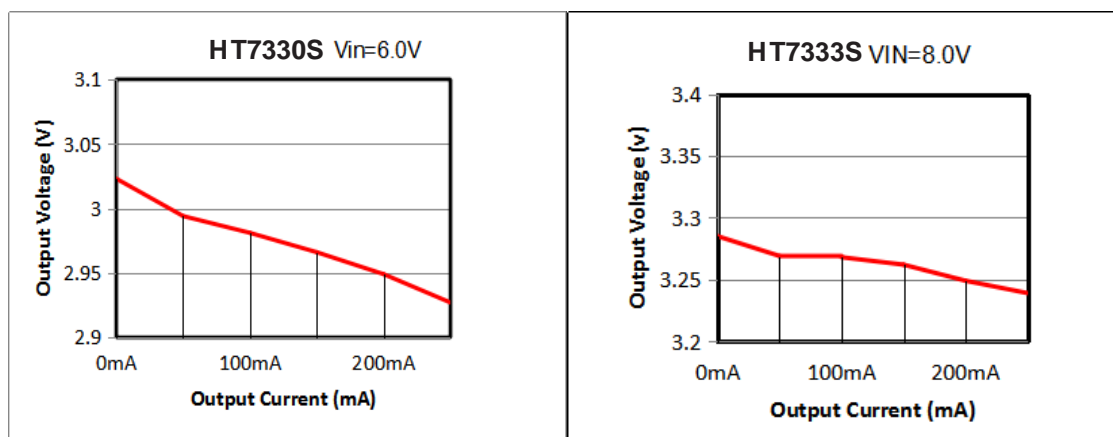
## 250mA Low Power LDO

### Typical Performance Characteristics

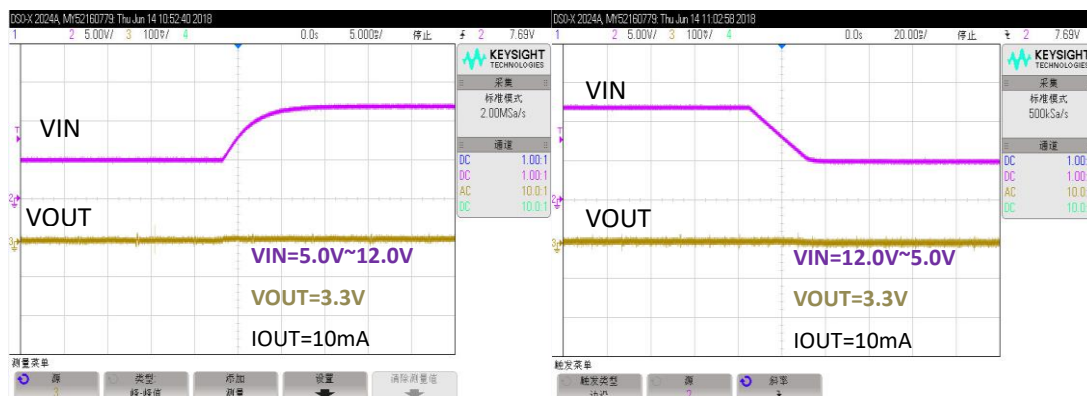
#### (1) Output Voltage vs Input voltage



#### (2) Output Voltage vs. Output Current

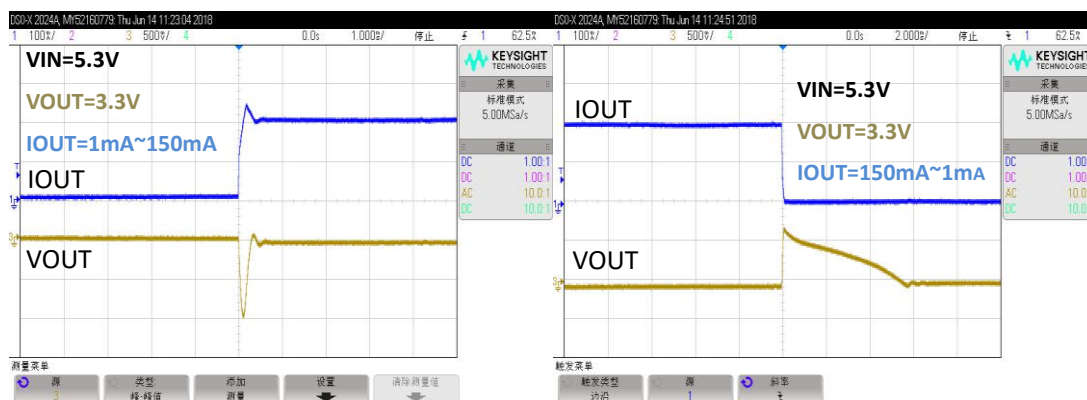


#### (3) Input Transient Response





### (4) Load Transient Response



### (5) MAX Output Current Vs. Input Voltage

#### HT7330S

Input Voltage	Max Output Current
6V	250mA
9V	200mA
12V	150mA
15V	100mA

#### HT7333S

Input Voltage	Max Output Current
6.3V	250mA
9V	200mA
12V	150mA
15V	100mA

#### HT7350S

Input Voltage	Max Output Current
8V	250mA
9V	200mA
12V	150mA
15V	100mA

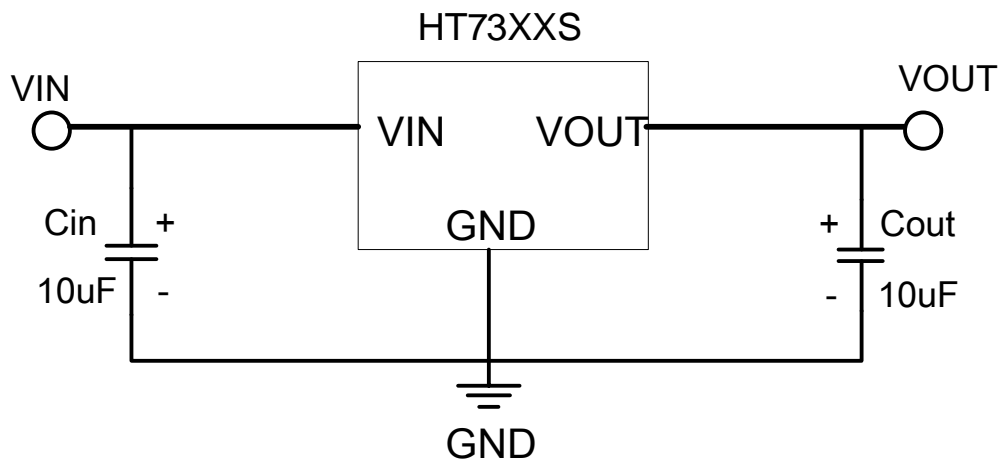
Note: 1. The Max Output Current is the typical value;

2. In order to ensure that the best parameters can be achieved, the PCB is preferably provided with a large copper foil area to increase heat dissipation.

## 250mA Low Power LDO

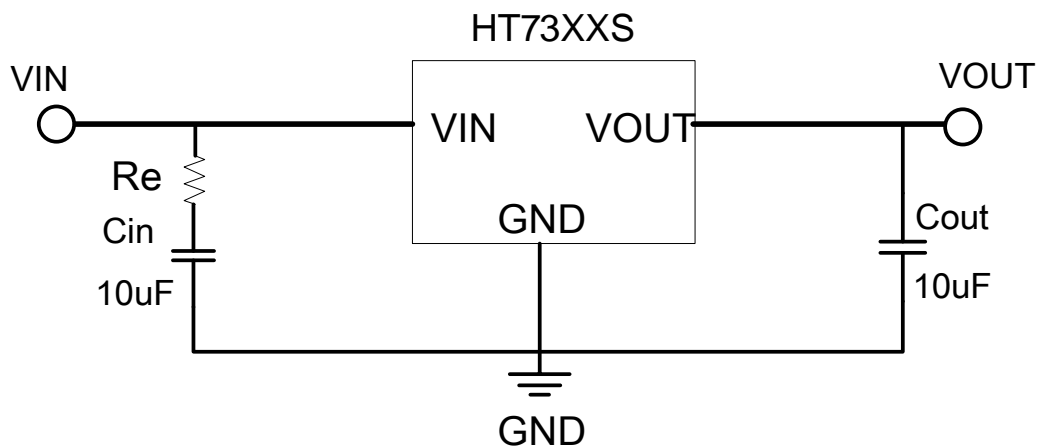
### Application Circuits

#### Basic Circuits



Note1:  $C_{in}=C_{out}=10\mu\text{F}$ . (10 $\mu\text{F}$  Electrolytic capacitor is recommended).

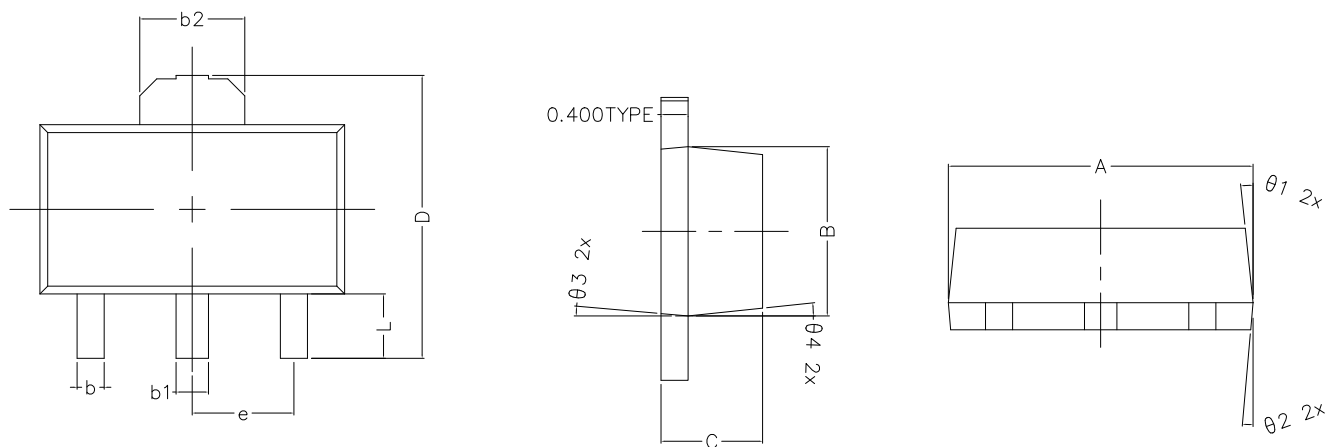
Note2: If the input and output capacitors are ceramic, add a resistor at the input, as follows.



Note:  $R_e = (1.2\sim 1.8)\Omega$ .

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SOT-89 Package Outline Dimensions (Units: mm)

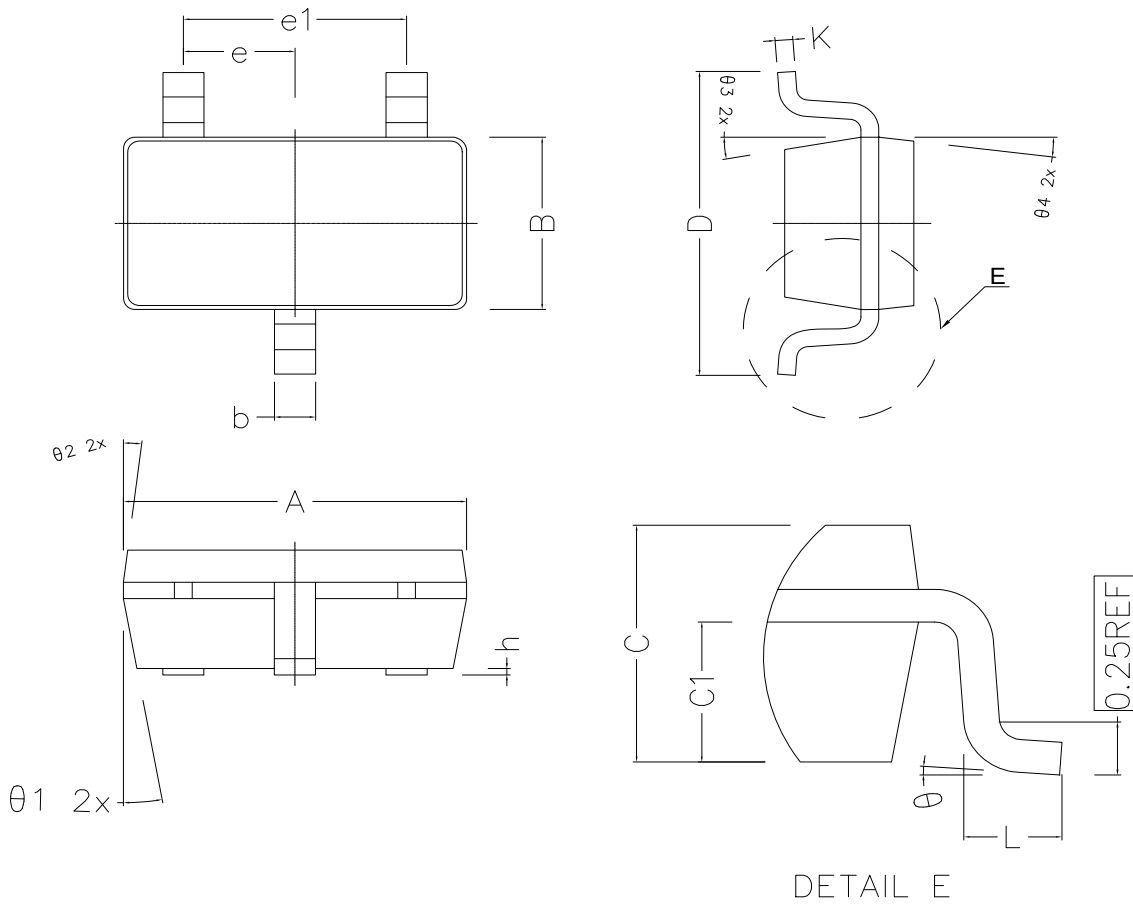


TOP VIEW

COMMON DIMENSIONS (UNITS OF MEASURE IS mm)			
	MIN	NORMAL	MAX
A	4.450	4.550	4.650
B	2.450	2.550	2.650
C	1.400	1.500	1.600
D	4.100	4.200	4.300
L	0.850	0.950	1.050
b	0.350	0.400	0.450
b1	0.430	0.480	0.530
b2	1.500	1.550	1.600
e	1.500TYPE		
$\theta_1$	6° TYPE		
$\theta_2$	5° TYPE		
$\theta_3$	5° TYPE		
$\theta_4$	6° TYPE		

## 250mA Low Power LDO

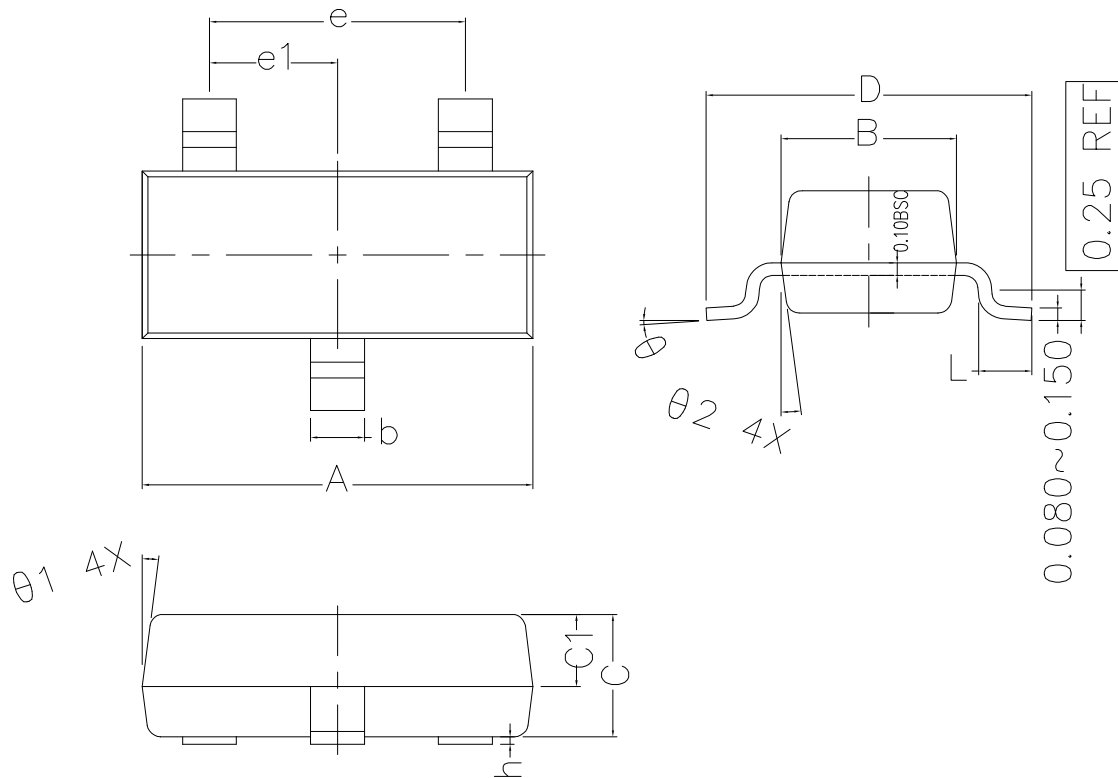
SOT-23-3L Package Outline Dimensions (Units: mm)



COMMON DIMENSIONS (UNITS OF MEASURE IS mm)			
	MIN	NORMAL	MAX
A	2.820	2.920	3.020
B	1.500	1.600	1.700
C	1.050	1.100	1.150
C1	0.600	0.650	0.700
D	2.650	2.800	2.950
L	0.300	0.450	0.600
b	0.280	0.350	0.420
h	0.020	0.050	0.100
K	0.120	—	0.230
e	0.950TYPE		
e1	1.900TYPE		
theta1	10° TYPE		
theta2	7° TYPE		
theta3	10° TYPE		
theta4	7° TYPE		
theta	0° ~ 8°		

## 250mA Low Power LDO

SOT-23 Package Outline Dimensions (Units: mm)



COMMON DIMENSIONS (UNITS OF MEASURE IS mm)			
	MIN	NORMAL	MAX
A	2.800	2.900	3.000
B	1.200	1.300	1.400
C	0.900	1.000	1.100
C1	0.500	0.550	0.600
D	2.250	2.400	2.550
L	0.300	0.400	0.500
h	0.010	0.050	0.100
b	0.300	0.400	0.500
e	1.90 TYPE		
e1	0.95 TYPE		
theta1	7° TYPE		
theta2	7° TYPE		
theta	0° ~ 7°		